

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT TO SUPPORT NATIONAL DROUGHT MANAGEMENT POLICIES

05-08 AUGUST 2014

ADDIS ABABA ETHIOPIA

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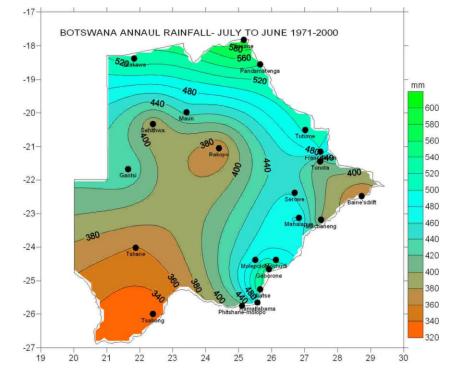
OUTLINE

- Background
- Recent drought episodes
- Drought Impacts
- Botswana EWS
- Relief and Response



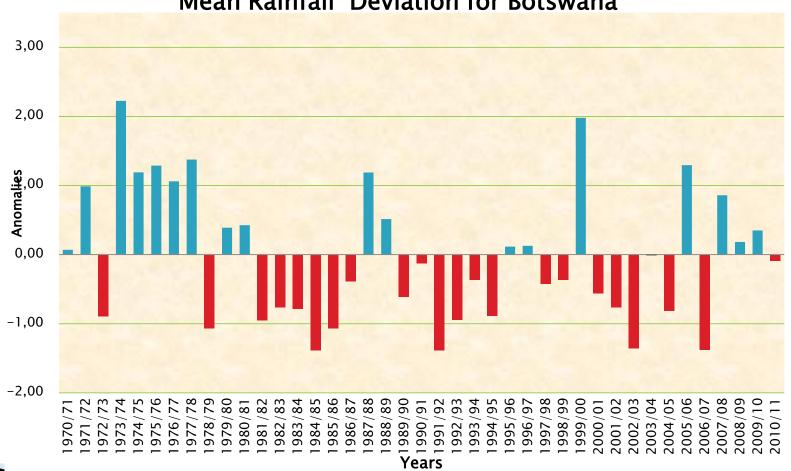
Background

- Climate –dry and semi dry
- Rainfall Low, erratic, uneven distribution



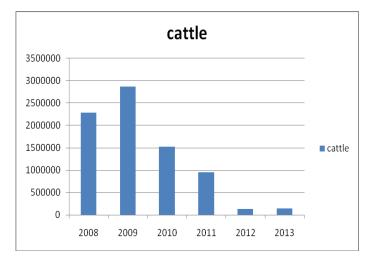
Spatial annual rainfall distribution over Botswana 1971-2000. Source: Department of Meteorological Services, Botswana

Drought episodes



Mean Rainfall Deviation for Botswana

Drought Impacts



Botswana national cattle herd size from 2008 to 2013. Source: Botswana Vulnerability Assessment Report 2013.



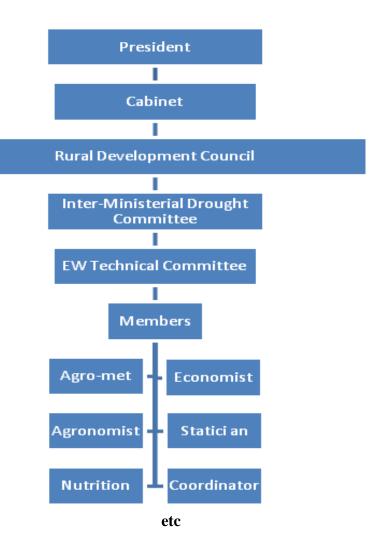
Agriculture Water Health

EWS

The indicators:

➢ Rainfall;

Area ploughed and planted to reflect food security at household level;
Conditions of rangeland, livestock, water, wildlife, and malnutrition levels



Drought Relief & Response

- National Disaster Management Office (NDMO) –
 -Coordinate DRR activities including drought
- Ministry of Local Government and Rural Development --Managing drought relief

During drought:

-All local authorities and ministries mobilized

Types of relief:

- -Intensive labour works
- -Free supplementary feeding
- -Subsidies on livestock feeds, seeds, vaccines etc

Alleviation of Drought Impacts

• Review of 1992 the Drought Relief Programme.

Past relief measures that contributed to land degradation such as clearance and destumping schemes were dropped.

- National Water Master Plan
- National Conservation Strategy and Agricultural Policy

Support was given to proposals that gave priority to investments in water conservation, appropriate land use and improved management techniques.the above Policies contributed to the implementation of this approach

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!