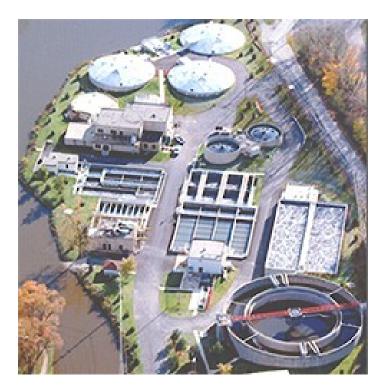
Training Workshop on Integrated Flood ManagementUNW-DPC, WMO, RCUWMTehran, 11-14 May 2009

Flood Impact on Water Supply & Sanitation



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Contents

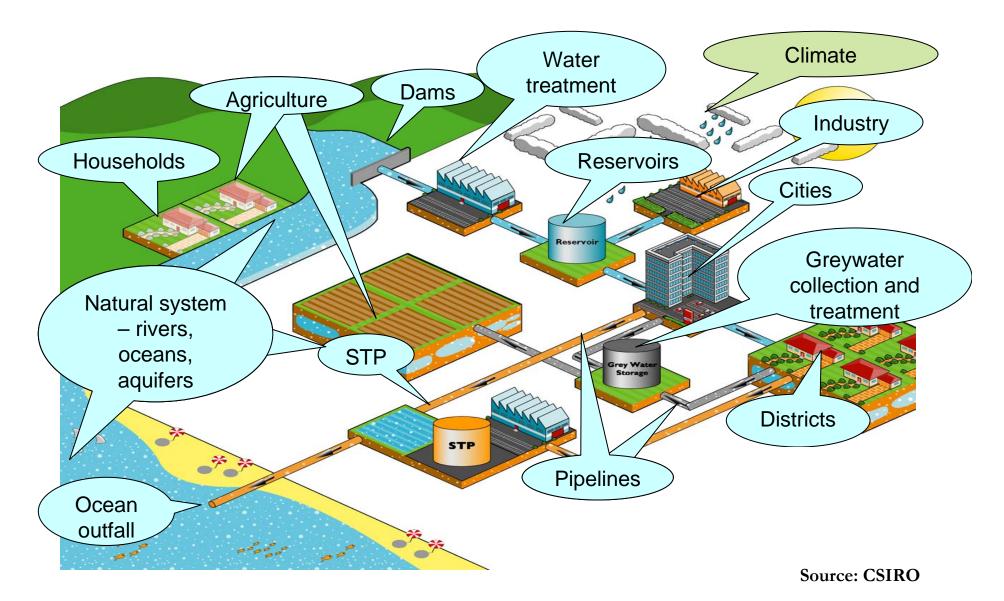
- Introduction
- Flood impact & protection of WWT facilities
- Safeguarding supply during extremes
- Flood waters as a resource



Introduction

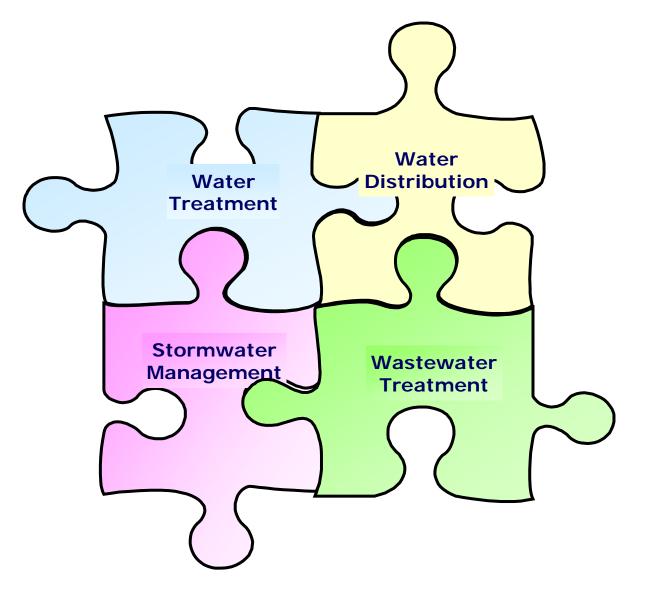


Urban Water Cycle





Components of Water Supply & Sanitation





Risk Management for Water & Wastewater



UNESCO-IHE & PWUT(2008)



Definitions of Water Supply Conditions

1) Regular conditions:

Water supply within legal and other adopted criteria

2) Irregular Conditions:

> Hazard:

Incident or accident causing an interrupted water supply for a limited number of customers and period

> Calamity:

Serious interruption of water supply during a longer period and larger scale

> Disaster:

Extreme serious interruption of water supply being part of serious problems



Flood Impact & Protection of WWT



Flood Impact on Water Supply & Sanitation

(Gloucestershire, UK, 2007)

- □ 1 in 150 yr flood > 1 in 100 yr design flood
- □ > 300 sewage treatment works flooded
- **6 water treatments works shutdown**
- □ Mythe WTW (Gloucestershire)
 - WTW shutdown due to site flooding
 - No piped water supply to 340,000 consumers
 - Full recovery of supply system took 16 days
 - Alternative supplies provided by tankers, temporary tanks & bottled water

% of 1961-1990 Average % of Average 00 to 400 200 to 300 175 to 200 150 to 175 125 to 150 75 to 125 50 to 75 Crown copyright

July 2007 Precipitation (mm)

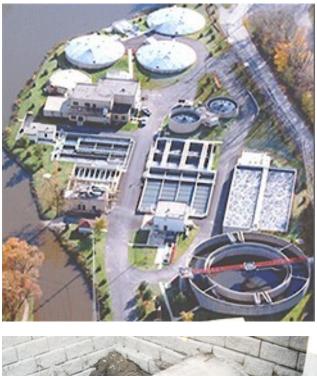
J. Foster 2007

IPR/101-66CA British Geological Survey. © NERC 2007. A II r ights reserved.



Flood protection of Water & Wastewater Facilities

- Design of locations of WWT at elevations higher than flood risk level
- 2) Structural measures (e.g. flood walls and levees) for flood protection
- 3) Prevention of Back Flow in water & wastewater
 facilities (e.g. flap valves)



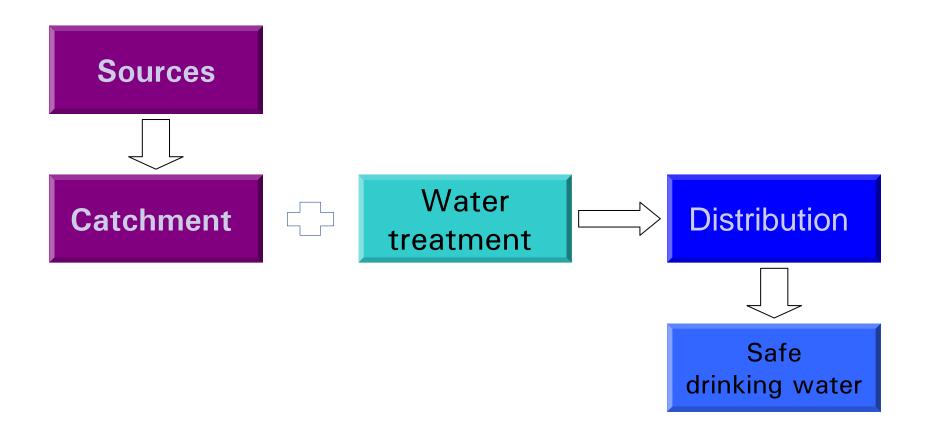




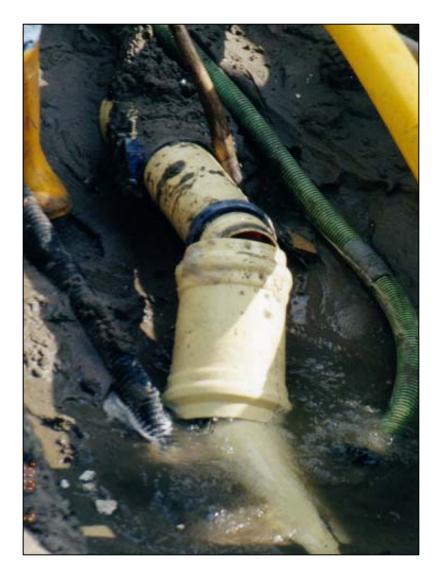
Safeguarding Water Supply



Main elements of a water supply system



Examples of pipe bursts





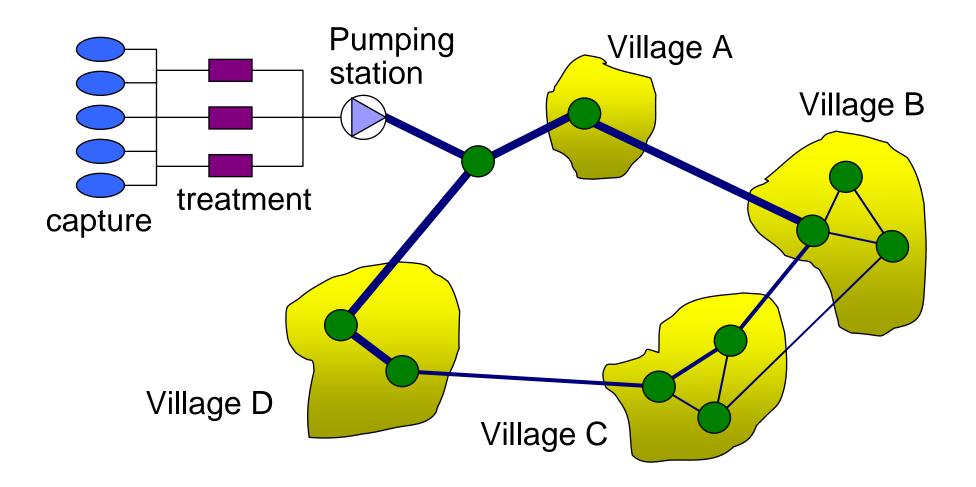


Consequence of a pipe failure: Induced flood



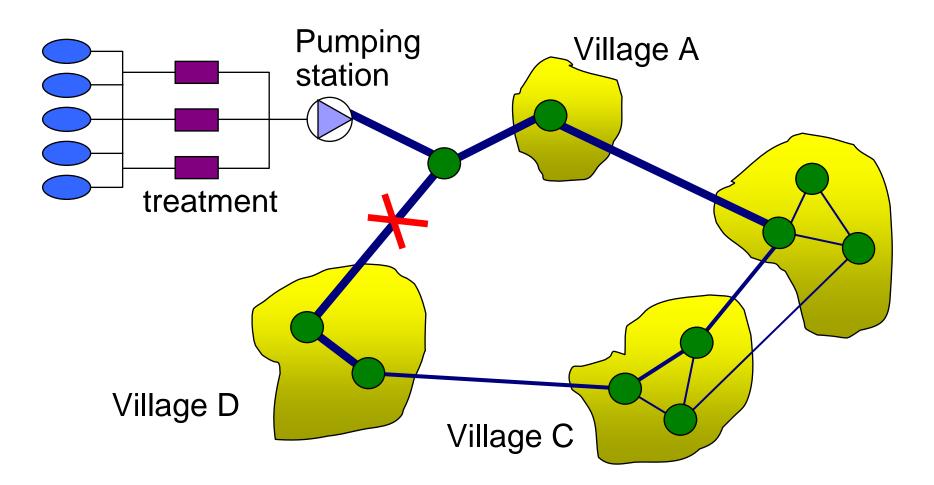


Scheme of a water drinking system



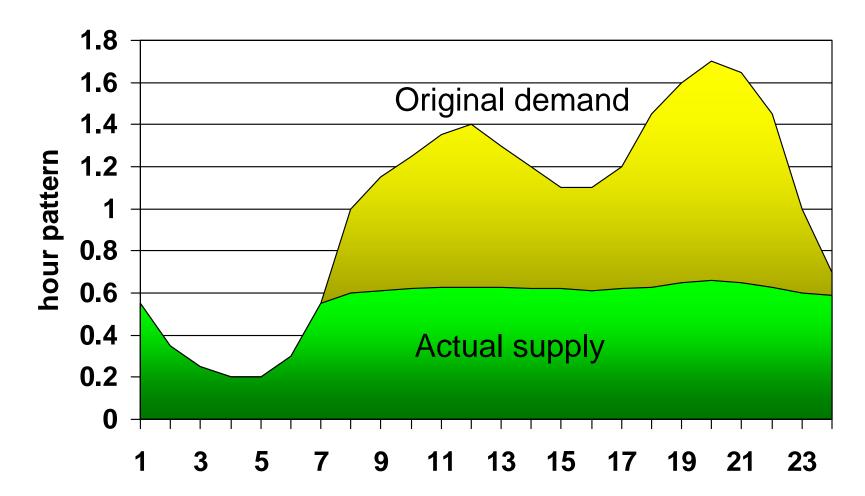


Systematic analysis of failure: (a pipe burst)



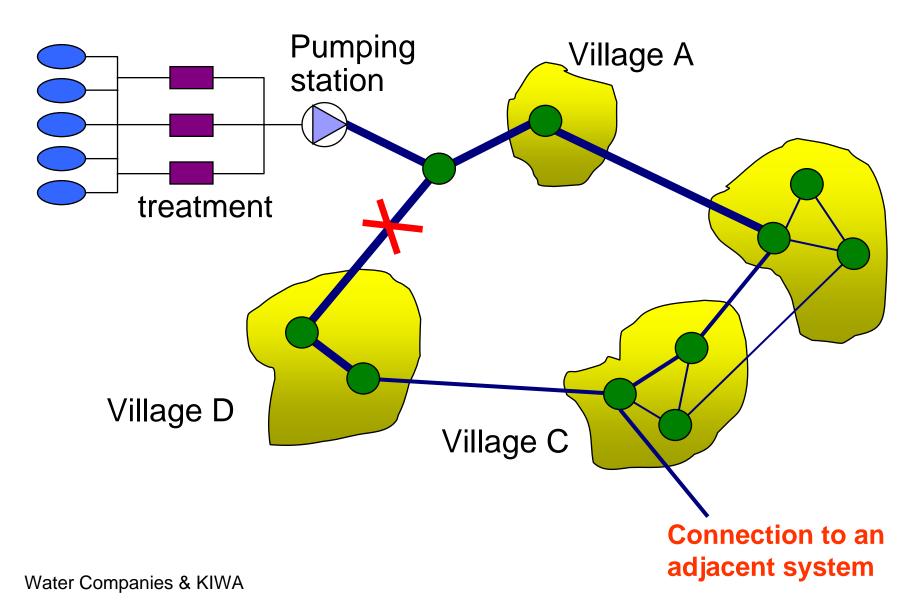


Supply & Demand in Village D: (a pipe burst)



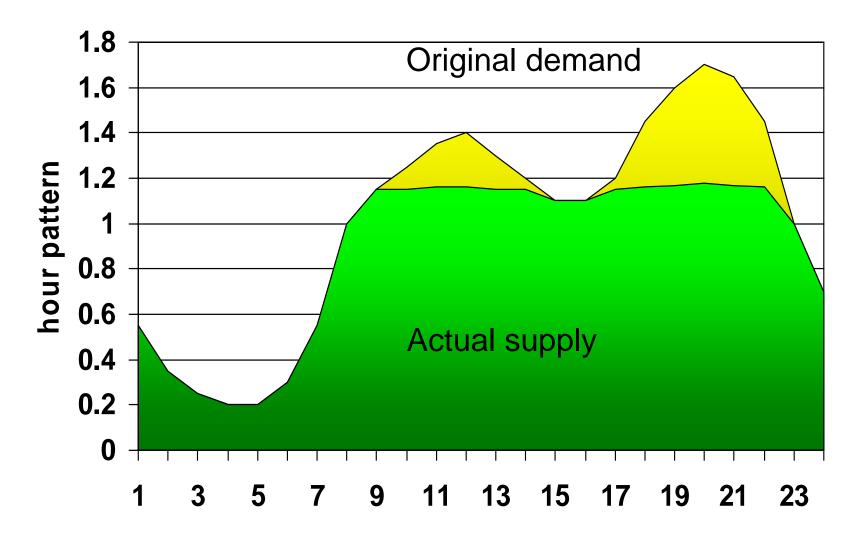


Systematic analysis of failure: A solution





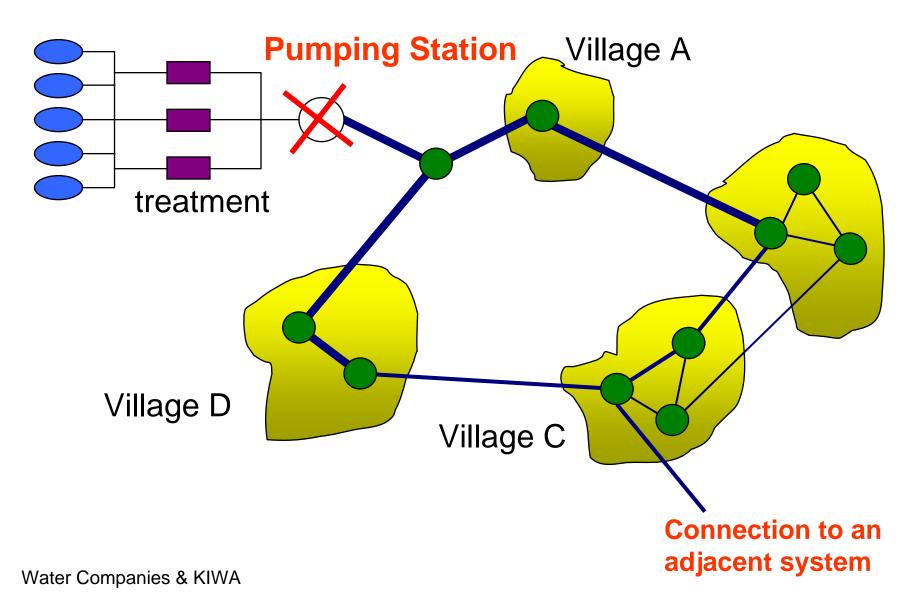
Supply & Demand in Village D: (after the solution)



Water Companies & KIWA



Failure of a station: Less risk in new situation



Facilities for Emergency Water Supply & Sanitation



Emergency Latrine Superstructure Development



Constriction of a water tank in Sri Lanka

Source: Oxfam

Filtration System for Emergency Water Supply

Response to Flood in Pakistan



Comparison of water samples before and after undergoing treatment with the filters

Photo by : Gui Wai Khan/CRS Pakistan



Relief kits provided to families in villages Trainings by World Health Organization

Source: Christian Relief Society

Emergency water supply: Bottled Water







Emergency water supply: Large Reservoirs





Emergency water supply: Flexible Reservoirs



Flexible water tank carried by an army truck



Flexible water tank carried by an army truck









Emergency reservoir & small network :(a test)





Emergency tap points :(a test)





Lessons learnt (KIWA, Netherlands)

- Use of network models for scenarios of emergency situations
 - > Inter-connection of water systems: enhances reliability though expensive.

Need for tests of emergency protocols in practice

- Good logistics
- Good access to water distribution points
- > Adequate crisis communication
- Clear specification of roles & responsibilities of each party

Preparedness for emergency situations

- Agreement with suppliers for sufficient instant capacity of bottled water
- Equipment being kept clean & ready to use
- > Need for many care takers at the distribution points



Flood Waters as a Resource



Flood waters as a resource : Chinese Experience

Study by office of State Flood Control Headquarters of China

Can Flood Waters be Used as a Resource?

- 1) With general attribute of water resource : YES
- 2) Not available in long term : NO
- 3) More risks than regular water resource
- 4) Use of flood water as a resource

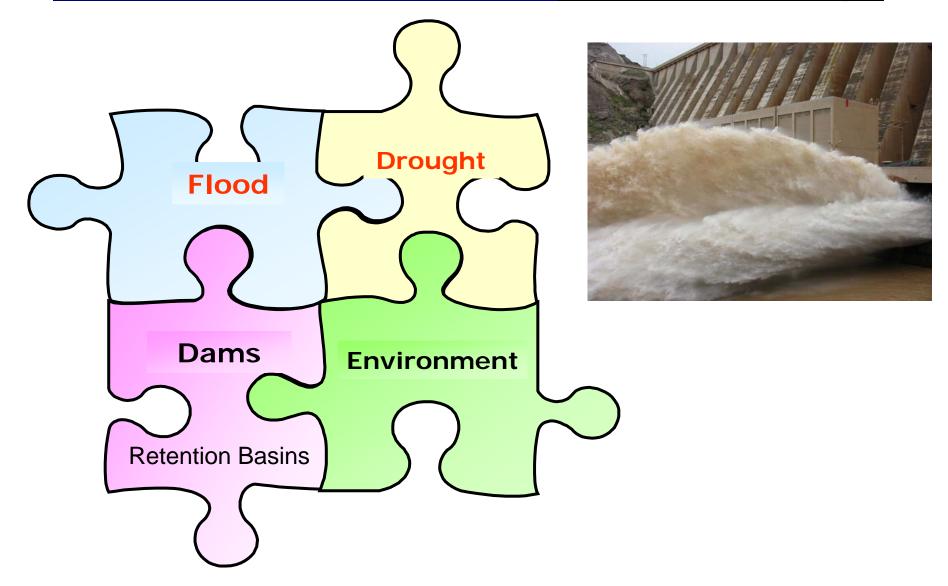
more accurate than flood water utilization

"Drain away floodwater into the sea"?

IWHR, 2006



Flood waters as a resource: Inter-relationships





Flood waters as a resource: Practice Summary

Study by office of State Flood Control Headquarters of China

- 1) Make use of flood water in flood seasons
- 2) **Divert water from main stream during flood seasons**
- 3) Trans-basin allocation of flood water resource
- 4) Strengthen management and dispatch detained flood water for dry year
- 5) Conduct flood diversion through utilization of detention basins

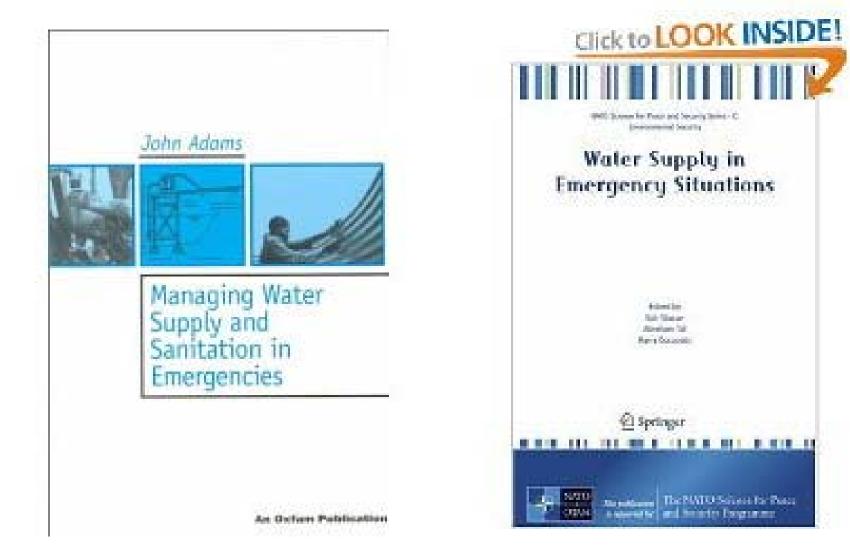


Flood waters as a resource: Recommendations

Study by office of State Flood Control Headquarters of China

- 1) Keep the principles (realistic, scientific, economical, ...)
- 2) Observe objectives (water supply, sea outflow, water use, ...)
- 3) **Promote** use for flood control, droughts, developments, ...
- 4) Identify suitable regions for implementation
- 5) **Select** qualified basins, regions & entities as pilots

Some Books for Further Reading



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Thank you for your attention

